CITIES NETWORKING IN THE DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION

TOWARD OPEN COLLABORATION AND MINIMAL INTEROPERABILITY

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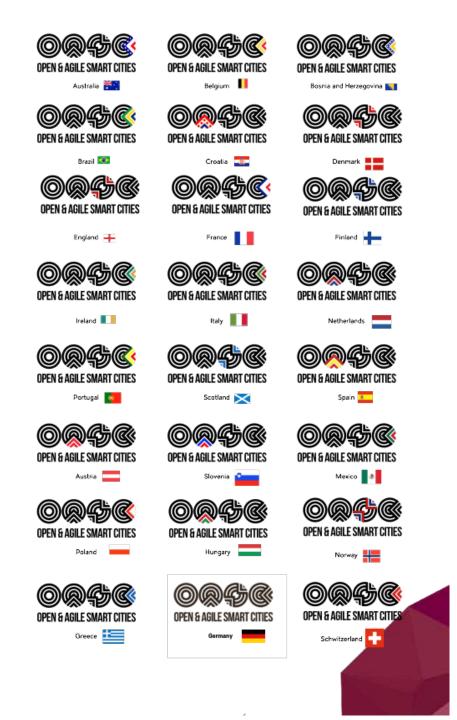
Mission: To create a global smart city market based on the needs of cities and communities

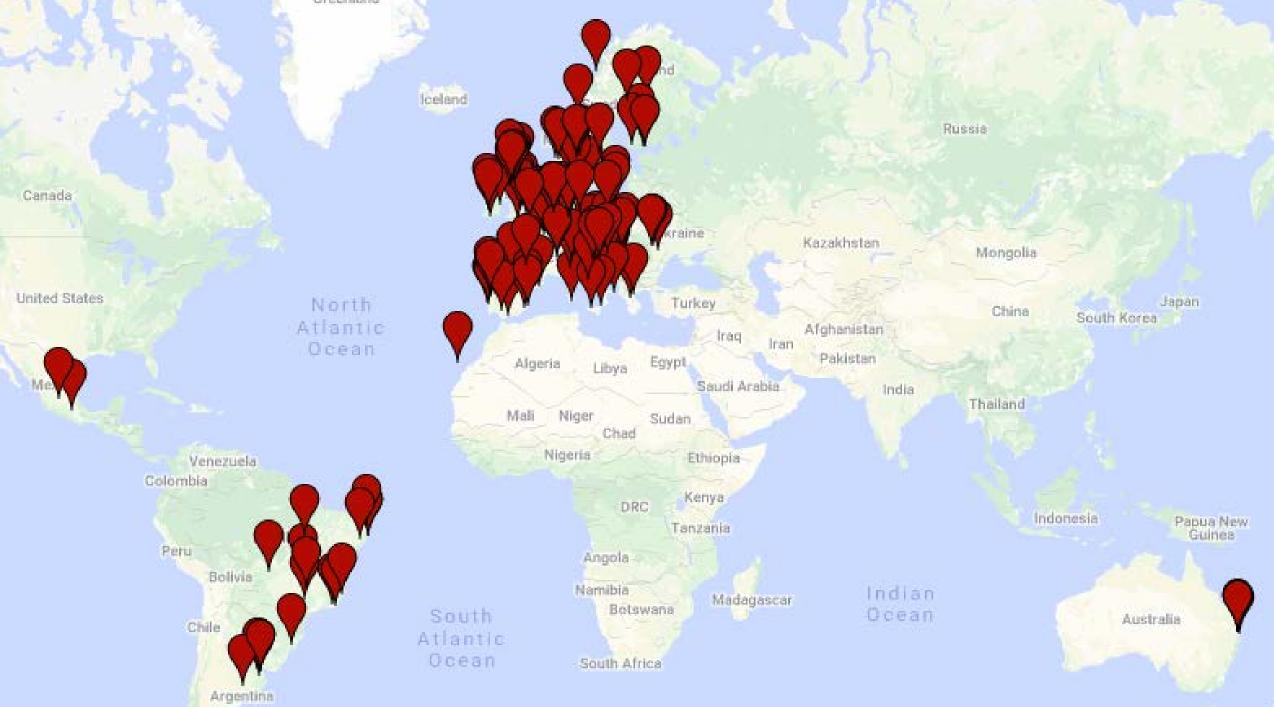
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Global network of national networks

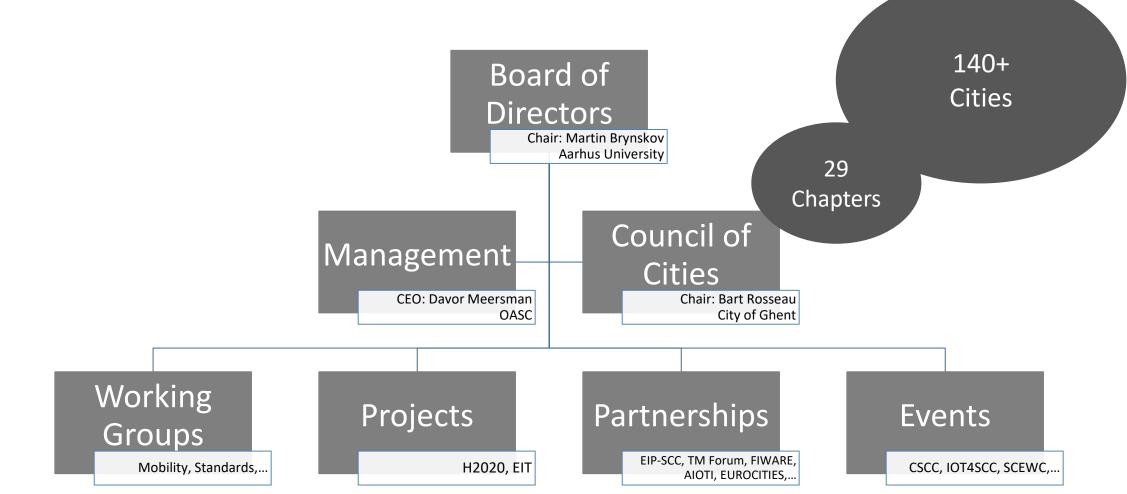
140 cities29 countriesEurope, Latin America, Asia-Pacific

Council of Cities Coordinator: Ghent (Belgium) Board representative: Vienna (Austria)





Governance







OASC and **SynchroniCity** support the Declaration of IoT for Sustainable Development



- Promoting the development and adoption of IoT technologies for the benefit of humanity, the environment and sustainable development. This includes promoting the research and the use of IoT technologies to address the 17 Sustainable Development Goals adopted by the United Nations and the international community. Governments and policy-makers from developed and developing countries should be encouraged to examine the future challenges and benefits to their economies and accelerate global competitiveness of their economy, region, continent and people by establishing plans and strategies to leverage IoT for SDCs.
- 2. Supporting the implementation of the IoT in urban and rural context to foster the application of ICTs in providing services to build smarter and more sustainable cities and communities. This will allow urban and community stakeholders to take advantage of technological advances and offer new opportunities for quality of life for different strata of society, by promoting accessibility to amenities, technologies and services (including social infrastructure, energy, water and healthcare), and by supporting IoT systems and data interoperability.
- 3. Promoting a broad, vibrant and secure ecosystem for IoT, including support for start-ups and incubators. This includes promoting policies to facilitate research, innovation and development of new solutions and eliminating policies that restrict job creation, hinder economic growth or prevent innovation. It may also include appropriate incentives, and policies to promote IoT deployment, privacy protection and secure data management. This will gradually assist in fostering an IoT data market, which contributes to the consolidation of sustainable business models and cooperation among stakeholders.

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- 4. Encouraging the development and implementation of standards that facilitate interoperability among IoT technologies and solutions in order to pave the way to an open and interoperable IoT ecosystem, with cost-effective solutions in line with the vision for an open economy.
- 5. Adopting new and innovative IoT applications to deal with challenges associated with hunger, water supply, and food security through resource monitoring to cope with the increasing consumption needs of a global population. By leveraging IoT, sensors can detect and monitor water leaks, potential contamination, soil moisture, pollutions, weather conditions, livestock movements, while remotely managing and controlling harvesters and irrigation equipment to improve the quality, quantities, yield rates, cost-effectiveness, energy efficiency and sustainability of agricultural production, including the packaging and transportation of food supplies. IoT can also be used for research and analysis into water-borne diseases and potentially new types of diseases.
- 6. Galvanizing interest in the use of IoT for risk reduction and climate change mitigation, taking into consideration the diversity and complexity of the Earth's geography and vulnerable populations. The IoT framework has the ability to gather and analyze real-time information for proactive prevention and faster response to deal with toxic wastes and pollutants, disasters and other natural calamities.
- Identifying and supporting the growing trend of using IoT technologies for education and improving the access of disadvantaged and excluded groups to ICT infrastructure by promoting basic ICT literacy, virtual classrooms and interactive vocational training programmes for vulnerable segments of society.
- 8. Embracing the application and use of IoT for biodiversity conservation and ecological monitoring to protect the natural life and its diversity on land, air and below waters. IoT can help monitor natural ecosystems, as well as sanctuaries, detect threats linked to poaching, overfishing (or illegal fishing) and deforestation and can send alerts in real-time to authorities for immediate response.
- 3. Contributing to global research and discussions on IoT for smart and sustainable cities through global initiatives such as United for Smart Sustainable Cities (U4SSC). ICT-based transformative action for sustainable urban development can help highlight efficient, transparent, and equitable regulatory frameworks, inclusive planning systems, effective financial management with increased transparency and accountability to all inhabitants and urban stakeholders alike, which should help accelerate the transition to smart sustainable cities and communities.
- 10. Promoting international dialogue and cooperation on the IoT for sustainable development by bringing the various stakeholders together, including inter alia the academic and research community, the specialized international organizations and fora, the industry, SMEs and start-ups, the governments and public authorities (including smart cities), and other relevant stakeholders such as specialized NGOs and indigenous people.

SYNCHRONICITY



IoT·F_@rum





A robust model for standards-based innovation and procurement of **IoT- and Al-enabled** services across domains

OASC Minimal Interoperability Mechanisms (MIMs)



For cities

MIMs avoid vendor lock-in, and help local innovations achieve global impact.



For businesses

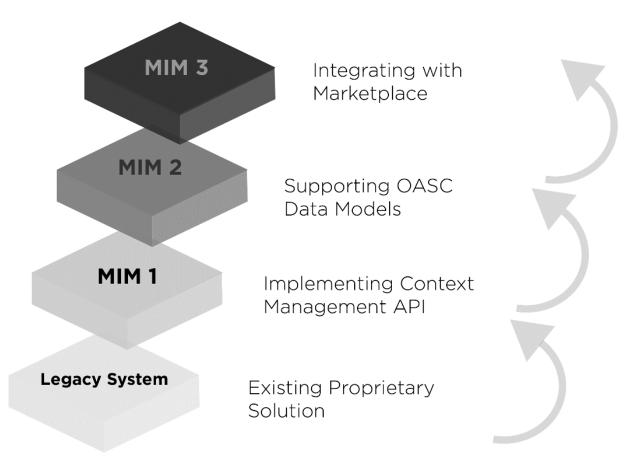
MIMs open up a global market of smart cities. Develop cheaply, deploy often.



MIMs: Based on open standards

- MIM 1: Context Information Management
- MIM 2: Common Data Models
- MIM 3: Ecosystem Transaction Management

Validated by the IoT Large Scale Pilot *SynchroniCity* and adopted by *OASC Council of Cities*







A voice for cities and communities towards the market.

Support local priorities, leveraging global dynamics.

Free flow of data with trust.



DILEMMAS

SMART CITY DILEMMAS

- 1. Flexibility, precision, productivity for whom?
- 2. We don't see the same city
- 3. Resilient or vulnerable?
- 4. Democratic immediacy or noise?
- 5. No-one left behind?
- 6. Overview or surveillance?
- 7. New public spaces without public authorities
- 8. Is planning possible?
- 9. Public institutions and their competences
- 10. Public service 2.0



SYNCHRONICITY IoT Large-Scale Pilot for Smart Cities & Communities



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No732240 Co-funded by



Deliver a market for IoT- and AI-enabled services for cities & communities in Europe and beyond

Demonstrating the Power of MIMs

Scaling up across cities:

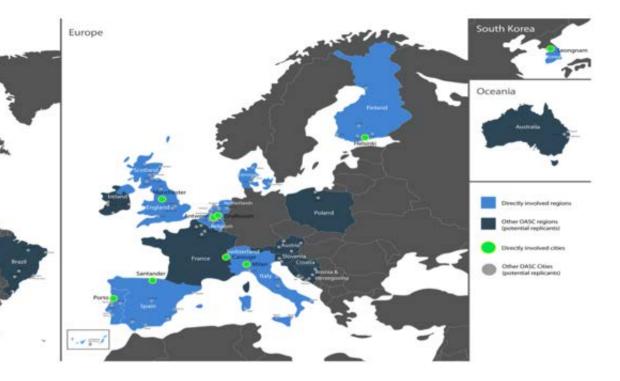
- 50 services
- 20 cities
- 16 teams
- 6 months

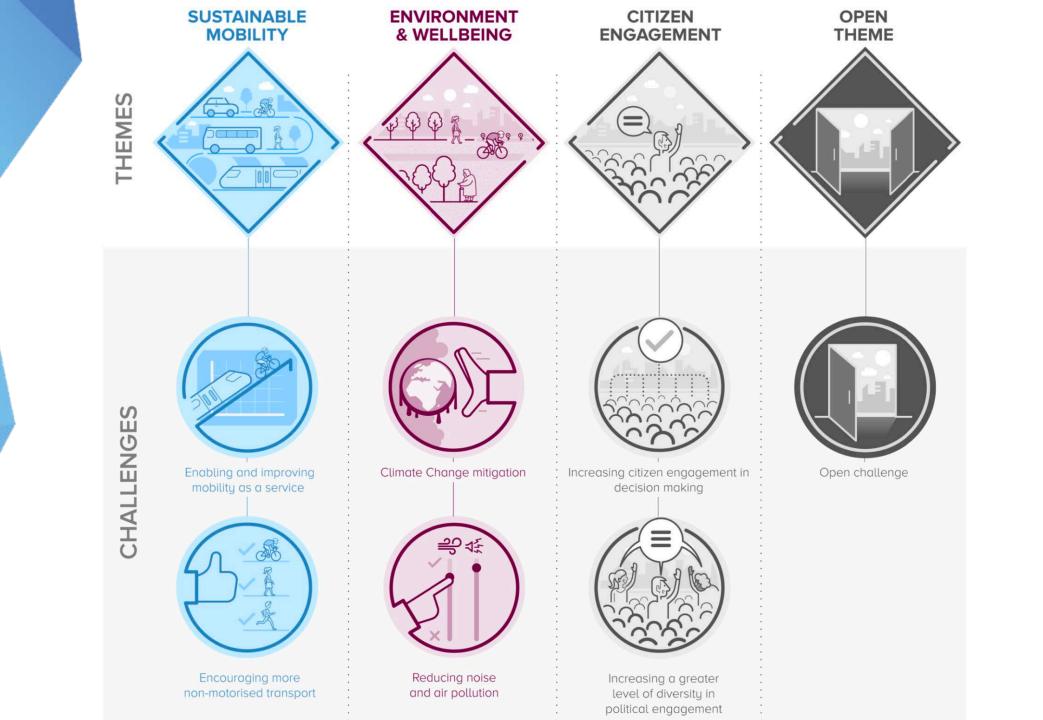
Core project: 20m€ · 40 partners More information: <u>synchronicity-iot.eu</u>















RONICITY BOOTCAMP KICKS OFF PILOT PHASE CITIES & PILOTS

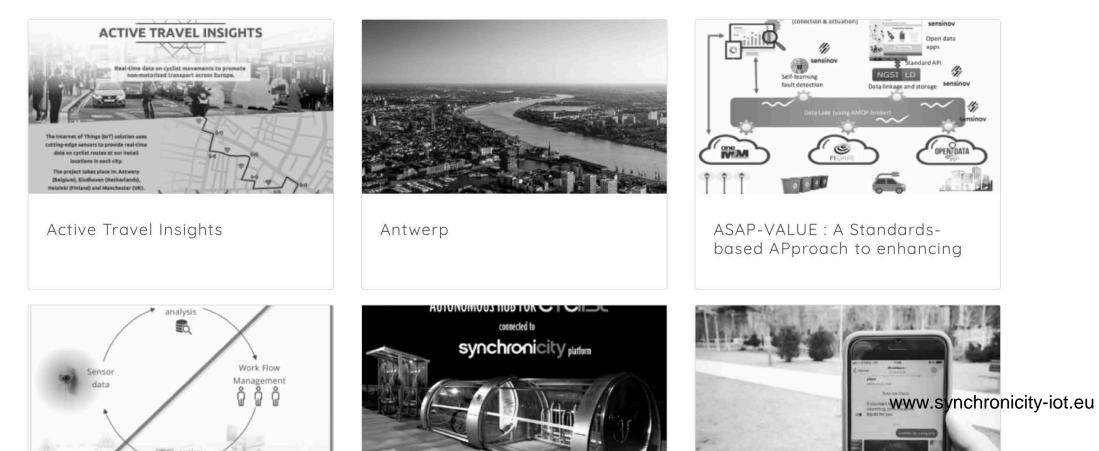
www.synchronicity-iot.eu

SYNCHRONICITY

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QUAMTRA SMART WASTE MANAGEMENT

RainBrain

The smart blue-green roof

Healthier green roofs

- RainBrain monitors and predicts the vegetation's health
- · Waters vegetation automatically when needed



Developed by

The best of IoT and analytics combined

- Vegetation sensors, solar panel and LoRaWAN
- Weather data, machine learning and modeling
- RainBrain insights and controls through a mobile app

Optimized water availability

- · RainBrain analyses the current and future water availability
- Anticipates on extreme weather: stores water to survive droughts, empties buffers to prevent floods



Sumaqua AGILIS GREENBEAT

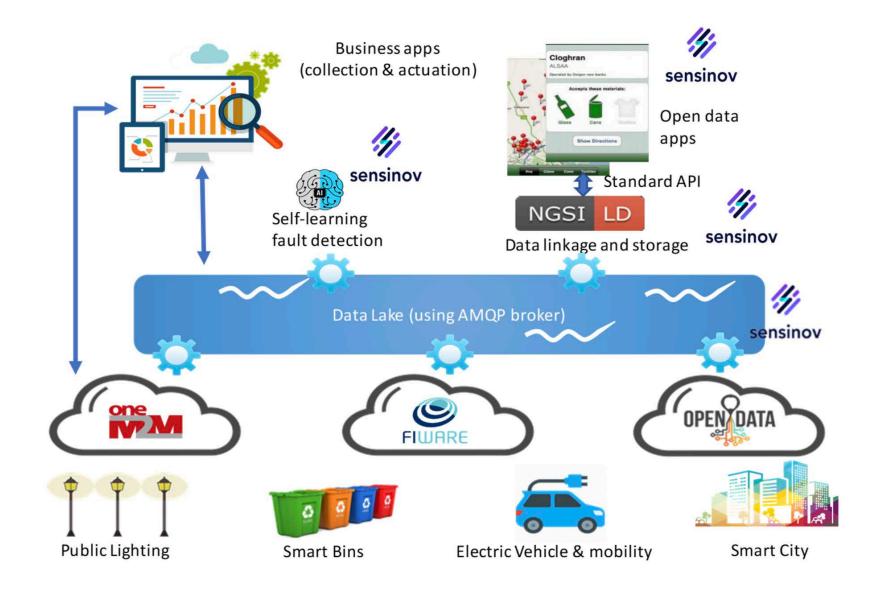
Antwerp (Belgium) Eindhoven (Netherlands)

Piloting in

Funded by SYNCHRONICITY synchronicity-lot.eu/

RAINBRAIN: THE SMART BLUE-GREEN ROOF

www.synchronicity-iot.eu



ASAP-VALUE : A STANDARDS-BASED APPROACH TO ENHANCING VALUE FROM CITY DATA LAKE

www.synchronicity-iot.eu

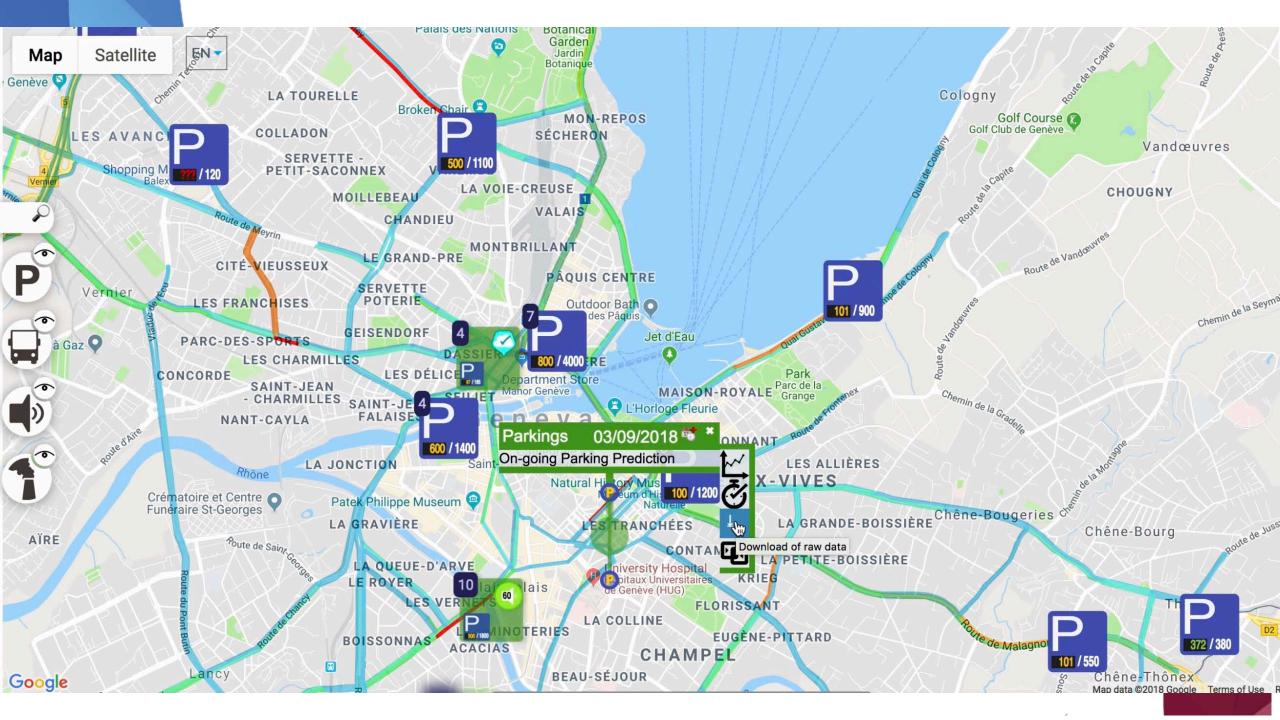
SynchroniCity Catalogue

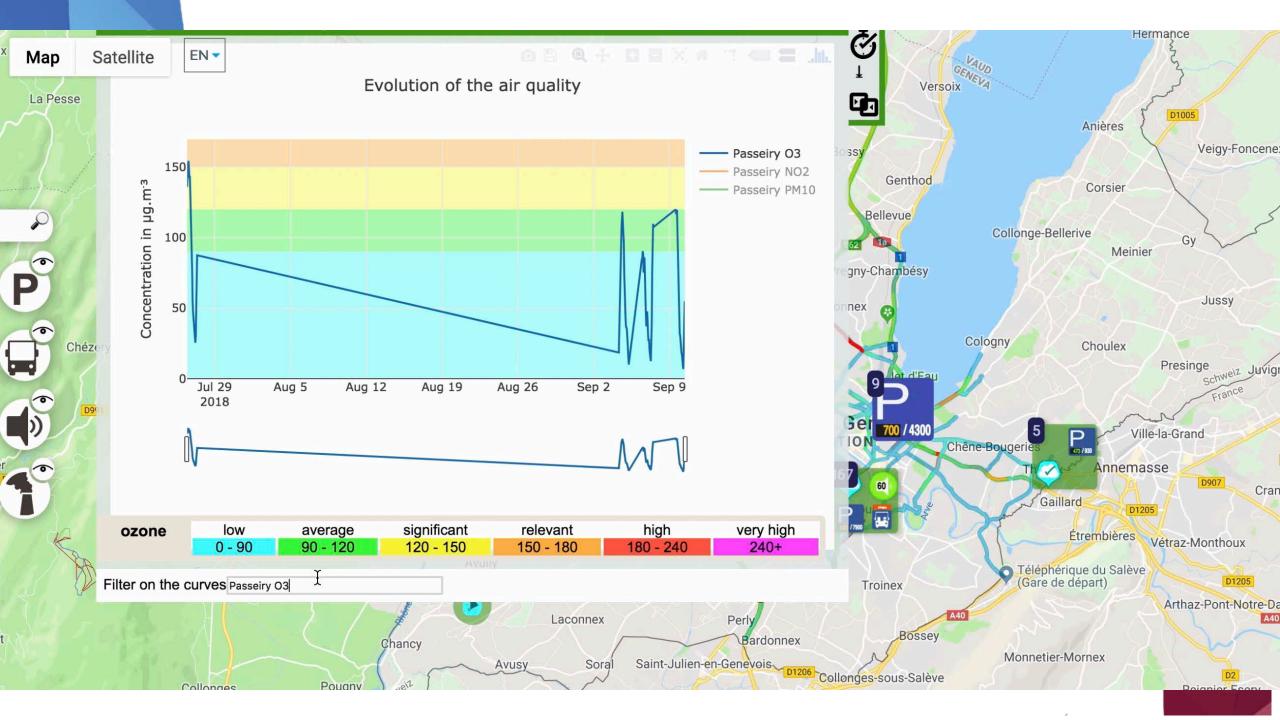
- Data
 - Open
 - Personal
 - Commercial
- Hardware

- Services/Software
 - Applications
 - Atomic services
 - Components
- Training

These marketplaces are already live in <u>SynchroniCity</u> and partly in <u>IoF2020</u> (IoT LSP Food & Farming)







SCORE Smart Cities and Open data REuse

Water level sensors can inform early flood warrung

Waste collection can be improved by intelligent

routing

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Interreg North Sea Region X City of X Amsterdam

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City of Oslo ABERDEEN City of Bradford MDC

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as much city

CITY OF AARHUS

Johanneberg Science Park

Amsterdam

Data Science



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Solutions developed in SCORE will be open source and based on Open Data

Background

Cities aim to improve the delivery of public services based on innovative software solutions and data sharing.

However, Data has not and will not automati. cally lead to better public service delivery. To capture that potential, value from data needs to be unlocked by making it inter-operable between departments and organisations. The shared challenge is how to generate innovative solutions that address common city

needs.

Approach

quality of public service delivery of cities in the sectors of Environment, Waste & Water, Parking & Traffic, and Sustainable Mobility by developing innovative open source solutions that use urban data. le. Contributing to Interreg NSR's objective by stimulating "the public sector to generate innovation demand and innovative solutions for improving public service delivery". The solutions will be free to use by other cities. adhere to EU standards, and replicable.

Aim

SCORE aims to increase the efficiency and

9 cities from 7 countries in the NSR will be grouped according to their shared challenges. The cities will formulate 6 public service challenges based on their in-depth understanding of the city's operations (business case), the available data (feasibility) and knowledge of their existing programmes and initiatives (funding).

Each challenge will form a group that will develop 2 open source solutions using urban data. The solutions will be tested in Urban Living Labs. All cities will collaborate throughout the development. process to ensure relevance and compatibility in fact, solutions will be replicated transnationally at least twice within the SCORE project period.

By implementing the innovative open source solutions, SCORE will:

Results

181 184

Streetlight sensors can be used to measure traffic flows and improve traffic management

Real-time information about tree parking spaces can

educe CO2 emission by decreasing traffic by up to 30%

- Reduce by 10% service provision costs of public authorities in the sectors of urban sustainability using open data and open source solutions.
- Improve by 20% the quality of public service provision as valued/assessed by citizens.
- Reduce by 30% the software development time in cities.

SCORE will solve public service delivery challenges common to partner cities through innovation. This community will contribute to the open-source movement and deliver solutions that are free to use by other NSR cities and beyond. The partnership will create an ecosystem with

Public transit frequency can be adjusted based on

live user data

cities, research institutions and network organizations for smart public service delivery innovation. Organisations learn from AARHUS UNIVERSITET other while building solutions, eg in agile software development, transitioning towards BAX

being more data-driven.

& COMPANY/



DORDRECHT Digital

Key events 2019/20

- IoT Week 2019, Aarhus, Denmark, June 17-21
- Super Cities @ G20, Osaka, Japan, June 29
- SynchroniCity scale-up conference, Milan, October 2-3
- Helsinki Impact Conference, Finland, October 9-10
- Smart City Expo, Barcelona, November 19-21
- Upscaling Digital Solutions in Cities, Oulu, Finland, December 10-11
- Connected Smart Cities & Communities, Brussels, January 23, 2020
- Cities Forum, Porto, January 31, 2020



WAY FORWARD

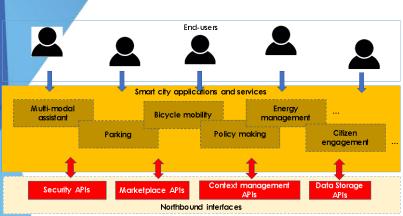
CIVIC Driven by public needs, backed by industry

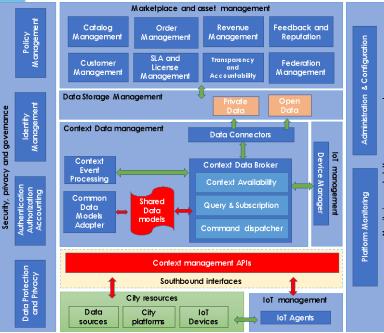
COMMON Understanding & standards

CONCRETE

Linking instruments (projects, policy, financing, places)

SynchroniCity Architecture Model





- **IoT Management:** to interact with the devices that use different standards or protocols making them compatible and available to the SynchroniCity platform.
- **Context Information Management:** to manage the context information coming from IoT devices and other public and private data sources.
- **Data Storage Management:** to provide functionalities related to the data storage and data quality interacting with heterogeneous sources.
- **Marketplace:** to implement a hub to enable digital data exchange for urban data and IoT capabilities providing features in order to manage asset catalogues, orders, revenue management.
- **Security**: to provide crucial security properties such as confidentiality, authentication, authorization, integrity, non-repudiation, access control, etc.
- **Monitoring and Platform management**: to provide functionalities to manage platform configuration and to monitor activities of the platform services.

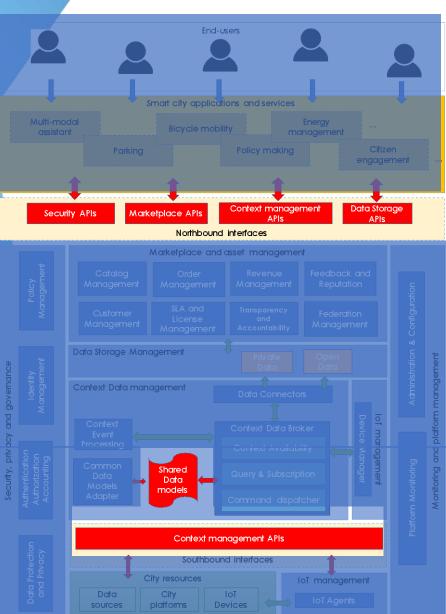
Baseline: SynchroniCity Cities/Reference Zones, OASC, FIWARE, EIP-SCC, NIST IES-CF.

Related standards: ITU-T SG20*/FG-DPM* (*drafts), ISO TC268.

Spec. doc.: Reference Architecture for IoT Enabled Smart Cities (D2.10) http://synchronicity-iot/docs



Interoperability Points



- Interoperability Points represent the main interfaces that allow a city (or any Reference Zone, RZ) and applications to interact with SynchroniCity platform
- Interoperability points are independent from the specific software components that realize them and can be implemented by cities in different steps to reach different levels of compliance
- The architecture has been designed following the OASC principles and the definitions of Minimal Interoperability Mechanisms (MIMs).
 MIMs, are the actual specifications of the interfaces at the Interoperability Points: they are standard API and guidelines that have to be implemented by a city in order to be compliant with the SynchroniCity framework